

Markscheme

November 2016

Biology

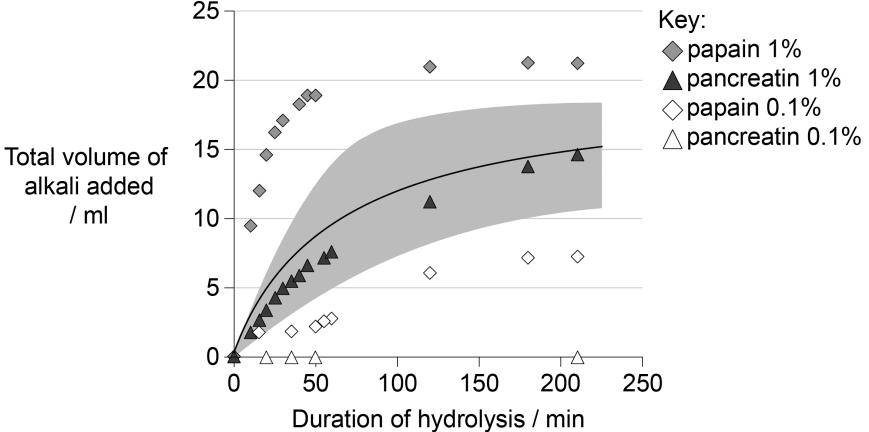
Higher level

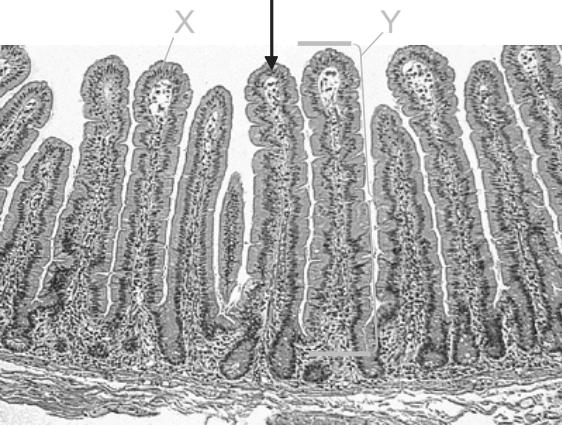
Paper 3

29 pages

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Section A

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
1.	a	<p>positive correlation OR faster hydrolysis at higher concentration ✓</p>		1
	b	<p>curve with similar shape between papain 0.1 % and 1 % ✓ eg:</p>  <p>Total volume of alkali added / ml</p> <p>Duration of hydrolysis / min</p> <p>Key: ◆ papain 1% ▲ pancreatin 1% ◇ papain 0.1% △ pancreatin 0.1%</p>	<p>Curve to start at 0. Allow a similar/same shaped curve to papain 1% to be anywhere within the shaded area shown on the graph.</p>	1
	c	<p>a. hydrolysis of protein produces hydrogen ions/amino acids ✓ b. pH decreases / increased acidity ✓ c. causing <u>denaturation</u> of enzyme/pancreatin/papain ✓ d. decrease of reaction «rate»/no hydrolysis ✓ e. enzymes work best at the optimum pH / OWTTE ✓</p>		3 max

Question			Answers	Notes	Total
2.	a		<u>small intestine</u> ✓	<i>Do not accept villus/villi or intestine alone.</i>	1
	b		epithelium ✓	<i>Do not accept microvilli/brush border.</i>	1
	c		a. calculation shown with accurate measurement of length of villus OR $\frac{53}{0.8}$ or $\frac{54}{0.8}$ or $\frac{55}{0.8}$ «mm» ✓ b. 67 or 68 or 69 ✓	<i>For the first marking point to be awarded, the measurement must be between 53 and 55 mm.</i> <i>Allow any value between 67 and 69 inclusive. Accept decimals, eg, 68.75. Allow ECF from first marking point.</i>	2
	d				1

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
3.	a	a. <u>aphids</u> insert stylet in «potato» plants/feed from «potato» plants ✓ b. phloem exudates/sap obtained from severed <u>stylets</u> ✓	<i>“Aphids” is essential for the mark.</i> <i>“Stylets” is essential for the mark.</i>	2
	b	a. sucrose produced by leaves during photosynthesis ✓ b. sucrose moves/translocates from source/leaves to sink/roots/tubers OR sucrose carried by phloem to tuber ✓ c. «wk 5» high sucrose with increased leaf growth/photosynthesis / OWTTE ✓ d. «wk 5-7» more sucrose used for general plant growth / OWTTE ✓ e. «wk 7-11» concentration sucrose increases due to greater production/photosynthesis «than usage/storage» / OWTTE ✓ f. sucrose transformed into starch in tuber «from week 9» ✓ g. contribution of amino acids unknown so difficult to know about different amounts of sucrose / OWTTE ✓ h. «abiotic» conditions in greenhouse may vary over time / OWTTE ✓	<i>Award the mark for realizing that amino acids play a role in the ratio.</i> <i>Accept abiotic factors only if variation through time is explicit.</i>	3 max

Section B

Option A — Neurobiology and behaviour

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
4.	a	<p>neuron pruning OR synapses removed ✓</p>	<i>Do not accept “apoptosis”.</i>	1
	b	<p>a. more synapses maintained with stimulation/mental activity/OWTTE ✓ b. strong mental activity prevents «neuron» pruning ✓</p>		2 max
	c	<p>a. most synapses are formed during childhood/before birth OR first years of childhood most important for brain development ✓ b. more synapses «than normal» may be formed «during childhood/before birth in autism» ✓ c. «in autism» pruning of neurons does not occur «causing excess of synapses» OR normal synapse elimination does not remove extra synapses ✓</p>		2 max

Question			Answers	Notes	Total
5.	a		a. «fMRI» allows imaging through magnetic resonance ✓ b. to measure the amount of activity/blood flow in different parts of the brain OR to identify the parts of the brain that are activated ✓ c. non-invasive/indirect observation/real time observation ✓		2 max
	b		a. THC causes a negative/inhibitory mean activation of parahippocampus whereas CBD causes a positive/excitatory one OR THC and CBD cause opposite effects on parahippocampus ✓ b. both cause a positive/excitatory «mean activation» of the visual cortex ✓ c. «magnitude» of mean activation of both ingredients is minute on parahippocampus compared to visual cortex/OWTTE ✓ d. mean activation due to THC lower than CBD for both «parahippocampus and visual cortex» OR mean activation due to THC lower than placebo whereas higher for CBD for both ✓ e. other valid comparison/contrast between the two drugs ✓		3 max
	c		processing visual information/signals from the optic nerve/OWTTE ✓		1

Question			Answers	Notes	Total
6.	a		a. «usually» autonomic reflex ✓ b. «usually» involuntary/automatic OR not controlled consciously ✓ c. coordinated by medulla «oblongata» ✓ d. can be voluntary/consciously controlled «by cerebral cortex» ✓		3 max
	b		a. learned behaviour is behaviour that is taught or received through experience ✓ b. named organism ✓ c. named/description of behaviour ✓	<i>Allow other definition.</i> <i>eg: Chimpanzees.</i> <i>Allow human, people, etc, providing it is explicitly written.</i> <i>eg: Sticks used to spear juicy grubs.</i> <i>eg: learning a language.</i>	3 max
7.	a		a. I: cochlea ✓ b. II: round window ✓ c. III: eardrum ✓		3
	b		amplify/transmit the sound/vibrations ✓		1

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
c		<p>a. hair cells located within the organ of Corti OR hair cells are mechanoreceptors ✓</p> <p>b. hairs/cilia of hair cells move/vibrate with the movement of the liquid/fluid in the cochlea ✓</p> <p>c. amount of movement is proportional to the amplitude/loudness of the sound ✓</p> <p>d. frequency/wavelength/pitch distinguished by different hair cells/according to position of hair cells/length of hairs/cilia ✓</p> <p>e. hair cells transmit impulses to auditory nerve/brain ✓</p>		3 max

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
8.		<p>a. patient loses awareness/does not feel pain/analgesia ✓</p> <p>b. interfere/block neural/synaptic transmission between «areas of» sensory perception and the CNS OR block «sensory» neural pathways to the brain that detect pain ✓</p> <p>c. increase presynaptic inhibition OR block receptors on the presynaptic membrane ✓</p> <p>d. increase release of inhibitory neurotransmitters OR prevent release of excitatory neurotransmitters ✓</p> <p>e. inhibit binding of neurotransmitters «to receptors» on postsynaptic membrane ✓</p> <p>f. decrease «likelihood of» depolarization of the postsynaptic neuron OR hyperpolarize the postsynaptic neuron ✓</p> <p>g. prevent propagation of action potential on the postsynaptic neuron ✓</p> <p>h. vital physiological functions/breathing/maintenance of blood pressure continue to function ✓</p> <p>i. the effects are reversible ✓</p> <p>j. anesthetics mimic effect/stimulate release of endorphins «which are natural painkillers»/OWTTE ✓</p>		6 max

Option B — Biotechnology and bioinformatics

Question			Answers	Notes	Total
9.	a		a. the antibiotic/ampicillin diffuses out ✓ b. killing bacteria/inhibiting growth of bacteria ✓ c. zone of inhibition/clearing formed ✓		2 max
	b		lipid A production/synthesis is not inhibited so bacteria can grow OR bacteria grow/are not affected since inhibitor function is lost ✓		1
	c		no inhibition of growth, since Gram-positive do not have lipid A in membrane/OWTTE ✓		1

10.	a		a. kanamycin resistance as marker gene ✓ b. when organisms grown in kanamycin, only resistant survive OR those that took up resistance/cloned ones survive ✓		2
	b		database/NCBI search to find target gene/OWTTE OR search for target gene in other/related organisms ✓	<i>Allow other named database. Please check unfamiliar names for authenticity.</i>	1
	c		a. more wax deposition constituents «in leaves» of transgenic than control plants ✓ b. wax is waterproof ✓ c. less evaporation from «waxy» leaves «protects from drought» ✓		2 max

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
	d	a. metal/tungsten/gold/bullet is coated with DNA/gene ✓ b. «this DNA is» fired/shot into a leaf «containing the target cells» ✓ c. DNA is released and incorporated into some of the cells ✓		2 max

11.	a	a. named metabolite ✓ b. associated disease ✓	eg: glucose eg: diabetes	2
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Question		Answers	Notes	Total
b		a. production of pharmaceuticals <i>OR</i> named example of biopharming ✓ b. easily scaled to cover demands <i>OR</i> cheaper ✓ c. drugs can be delivered in food «making it more attractive/easier to eat» ✓ d. unethical/ethical aspect/OWTTE ✓ e. allergic reactions/ side effects ✓ f. horizontal gene transfer consideration ✓		4 max

Question			Answers	Notes	Total
12.	a		BLASTp ✓	<i>Do not allow "BLAST" alone but accept BLASTx.</i>	1
	b		gap/no amino acid present «for cytochrome c in that organism in that position» OR protein is shorter ✓		1
	c	i	GLFGR ✓	<i>Can be shown directly on the alignment.</i>	1
	c	ii	no, because more than one codon can code for an amino acid/degeneration of the genetic code ✓		1

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
d		<p>ALTERNATIVE 1</p> <p>a. alignment used to quantify differences and similarities ✓</p> <p>b. algorithms for cladograms OR named algorithms ✓</p> <p>c. selection of best model ✓</p> <p>ALTERNATIVE 2</p> <p>d. comparing amino acid sequences between organisms ✓</p> <p>e. more similar sequences correspond to closer evolutionary links/OWTTE OR number of differences indicate number of mutations accumulated «over time» OR «if mutation rate is assumed to be constant», more mutations imply further evolutionary distance ✓</p> <p>f. length of lines/position of nodes established by the number of differences/mutations between organisms ✓</p>	<p><i>Marks should be awarded for statements from only one alternative, not both.</i></p> <p><i>Named algorithms: least squares, neighbour-joining, parsimony, maximum likelihood or Bayesian inference.</i> <i>Allow other verifiable algorithms.</i></p>	2 max
e		Zea «corn» <u>and</u> Oryza «rice» ✓	<i>Both required.</i>	1

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
13.		<p><i>Formation</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. biofilm is a group of microorganisms embedded in a «exopolysaccharide/EPS» matrix ✓ b. microorganisms adhere on a surface/to each other ✓ c. cells are able to communicate/cooperate via quorum sensing OR secrete molecules that facilitate the aggregate adhering to the surface OR facilitate individual cells sticking together/OWTTE ✓ d. phenotypic shift in behaviour OR emergent properties appear OR differential regulation of genes ✓ <p><i>Problems</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> e. «formation of biofilms» in the body facilitates infections/OWTTE ✓ f. clogging/corrosion of pipes in water systems ✓ g. transfer of microorganisms in ballast water ✓ h. contamination of surfaces in food production ✓ i. highly resistant to antimicrobial agents/antibiotics ✓ j. EPS provides a physical barrier to the entry of the antibiotic «into the colony» ✓ 	<p>Award [5 max] if only problems are mentioned.</p> <p>6 max</p> <p>Accept any verifiable health problem caused by biofilms, e.g. dental plaque causing caries, lung infection in cystic fibrosis patients, etc.</p>	

Option C — Ecology and conservation

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
14.		<p>a. the realized niche is the actual while the fundamental niche is «all of» the potential ✓</p> <p>b. «shared» fundamental niche shown by equal reproduction on control ✓</p> <p>c. <i>C. neoformans</i> reproduces on PD indicating a realized ecological niche ✓</p> <p>d. <u>competitive exclusion</u> decreases realized niche of <i>C. gattii</i> ✓</p> <p>e. <i>C. gattii</i> reproduces poorly on PD representing a fundamental niche OR <i>C. gattii</i> reproduces poorly on PD so not a realized niche ✓</p>		3 max

15.	a	<p>plastic bottles OR fishing gear OR plastic bags OR plastic wrappers ✓</p>	<p><i>Award [1] for any source. Allow any other valid named source.</i></p>	1
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Question		Answers	Notes	Total
	b	<p>a. ingestion can reduce feeding OR false feeling of satiation ✓</p> <p>b. microplastics absorb toxins from water ✓</p> <p>c. filter feeders ingest the microplastics with the toxins ✓</p> <p>d. biomagnifications/bioaccumulation ✓</p>		2 max
	c	<p>a. microplastic density higher along the «north» western shore than the eastern shore OR wind blows plastics to opposite coast OR wind blows plastics away from their source/city/camping grounds OR wind increases degradation of macroplastics into microplastics ✓</p> <p>b. wind causes currents which moves the plastics ✓</p> <p>c. macroplastic pollution less affected by wind than microplastic pollution ✓</p>		2 max
	d	<p>a. improve city waste disposal ✓</p> <p>b. recycling programs OR develop community service teams to collect plastics «around the lake»/OWTTE ✓</p> <p>c. place litter containers/garbage cans close to camping sites ✓</p> <p>d. fines for those causing pollution OR pass littering laws ✓</p>		3 max

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
16.	a	<p>ALTERNATIVE 1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. transect through a given area ✓b. trees counted on transect ✓c. calculation of total population considering area ✓ <p>ALTERNATIVE 2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">d. random sampling using quadrats ✓e. trees counted in quadrat ✓f. population calculated using area ✓ <p>ALTERNATIVE 3</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">g. GPS/Google Earth used to map individuals of a tree species ✓h. data base of data obtained ✓i. population density calculated using area ✓		3

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
	b	<p>a. edge effect are the changes in community structures that occur at the boundary of two habitats ✓</p> <p>b. areas with small habitat fragments exhibit especially pronounced edge effects ✓</p> <p>c. edge species will always have a habitat OR edge biodiversity increases ✓</p> <p>d. if patches of forest are too small the non-edge species cannot find a habitat ✓</p> <p>e. «then» overall non-edge biodiversity is lower ✓</p>		
	c	<p>a. same richness as they have the same number of species/total of individuals ✓</p> <p>b. field 1 has more evenness as more even distribution of numbers among the species ✓</p>	<i>Accept correct use of Simpson diversity index.</i>	2

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
17.	a	minerals OR nutrients OR phosphorus OR nitrogen ✓	<i>Award [1] to any two factors stated.</i> <i>Accept abiotic factors such as temperature, light, pH, CO₂ concentration.</i>	2
	b	a. the herbivores / «first» consumers regulate algal bloom ✓ b. predators of the herbivores help regulate algal bloom/reduce herbivore abundance/OWTTE ✓ c. overfishing/death of predators/decreased reproduction of predators decreases algal bloom as herbivore population increases/OWTTE ✓ d. habitat degradation can decrease algal bloom ✓ e. pathogens of algae will decrease algal bloom OR alien/invasive species may compete for habitat and affect algal bloom/OWTTE ✓	<i>Accept vice versa for marking point c.</i>	3

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
18.		<p><i>Natural cycle</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. plants absorb phosphorus from the soil by the roots ✓ b. soil phosphorus comes from weathered «phosphate» rocks ✓ c. «soil/organic» phosphorus «also» comes from humus/plant/animal residues/guano/microorganisms ✓ d. phosphorus is a limiting «macronutrient» factor in plant growth OR phosphorus is necessary for vital functions/ATP/DNA OR deficiency of phosphorus «in soil» limits plant growth/production ✓ <p><i>Sustainability</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> e. «natural» phosphorus cycle is slow/not sustainable with increased crop production ✓ f. phosphorus is replenished «in the soil» by use of mineral/organic fertilizers ✓ g. phosphorus/phosphate is «mainly» mined from «phosphate» rocks ✓ h. rocks are becoming used up/inaccessible so non-sustainable/non-renewable OR the use of fertilizers is non-sustainable «with increased crop production» ✓ i. increased demand for food/meat/dairy/grain increases demand for fertilizers ✓ j. runoff/erosion/leaching of fertilizers decreases potential supply for crops/OWTTE ✓ 		6 max

Option D — Human physiology

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
19.	a	<p>a. less incidence of diabetes/more effective than placebo/control ✓</p> <p>b. but less effective than change in lifestyle ✓</p> <p>c. incidence nevertheless increases over the years ✓</p> <p>d. possibly ideal would be to combine both «anti-diabetic drugs and lifestyle» OR lifestyle and anti-diabetic drugs not tried together «so we do not know the outcome» ✓</p>		2 max
	b	<p>a. overweight patients OR obesity ✓</p> <p>b. sedentary lifestyle ✓</p> <p>c. high glucose diet OR high glucose level in blood ✓</p> <p>d. genetic predisposition ✓</p> <p>e. other valid risk factor ✓</p>		2 max

Question			Answers	Notes	Total
20.	a	i	a. second messenger correctly labelled ✓ b. gene regulatory protein correctly labelled ✓	<p><i>Do not accept steroid hormone/protein complex.</i></p> <p>eg:</p> <p>The diagram illustrates two signaling pathways. One pathway involves a steroid hormone crossing the cell membrane and activating a gene regulatory protein in the cytoplasm, which then enters the nucleus to bind to DNA and promote gene activation. The other pathway involves a peptide hormone crossing the cell membrane and activating a receptor on the plasma membrane. This receptor activates an enzyme (ATP-dependent) that converts ATP into cAMP. cAMP then activates an enzyme, leading to target cell activation.</p>	2
	b		a. lipid-soluble/non-polar/hydrophobic molecules «that readily diffuse through cell membranes» ✓ b. small enough to diffuse through membrane ✓	<p><i>Since the questions asks to “outline” a brief account is necessary to gain the mark.</i></p>	1 max

Question			Answers	Notes	Total															
	c		<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th><th>peptide hormones</th><th>steroid hormones</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>a.</td><td>receptor on plasma membrane OR do not enter cell</td><td>receptor within the cytoplasm OR enter the cell ✓</td></tr> <tr> <td>b.</td><td>activate second messenger/cyclic AMP/cascade of reactions</td><td>no second messenger OR bind to protein/gene activator ✓</td></tr> <tr> <td>c.</td><td>act at enzyme level</td><td>act at gene level ✓</td></tr> <tr> <td>d.</td><td>both regulate enzyme action ✓</td><td></td></tr> </tbody> </table>		peptide hormones	steroid hormones	a.	receptor on plasma membrane OR do not enter cell	receptor within the cytoplasm OR enter the cell ✓	b.	activate second messenger/cyclic AMP/cascade of reactions	no second messenger OR bind to protein/gene activator ✓	c.	act at enzyme level	act at gene level ✓	d.	both regulate enzyme action ✓		Answers do not need to be presented as a table. Award marks for pairs of corresponding elements on the same line of this table.	2 max
	peptide hormones	steroid hormones																		
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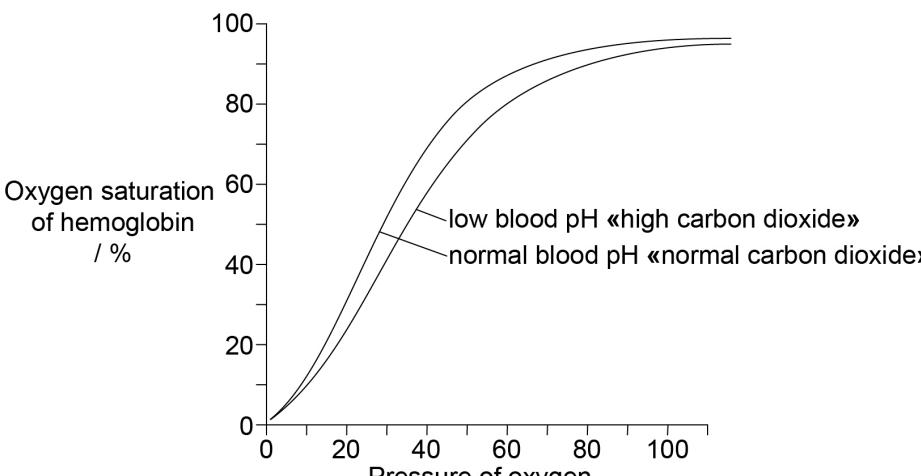
21.	a	i	Kupffer cell ✓		1
	a	ii	a. they are macrophages/phagocytes ✓ b. break down red blood cells ✓ c. separates heme «group» from «protein» globin chain ✓	There is no ECF here.	2
	b		a. storage of glucose as glycogen OR breakdown of glycogen to glucose ✓ b. deamination/breakdown of «excess» amino acids ✓ c. storage/recycling of iron/copper ✓ d. produces/eliminates cholesterol «as necessary» ✓ e. storage of vitamin A/vitamin D/vitamin B12/vitamin K ✓	Do not accept “sugar”.	3 max

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
	c	<p>a. «jaundice is» a yellowish pigmentation of the skin/whites of eyes ✓</p> <p>b. caused by high levels of bilirubin in blood/tissues ✓</p> <p>c. comes from breakdown of red blood cells ✓</p> <p>d. results from the breakdown of the heme group of hemoglobin ✓</p> <p>e. released into blood when excess produced ✓</p> <p>f. released into blood when bile ducts blocked ✓</p> <p>g. normally excreted with bile ✓</p> <p>h. jaundice is often seen in liver disease such as hepatitis/liver cancer/chronic alcoholism/cirrhosis OR newborn/neonatal jaundice «due to immature liver» ✓</p>		4 max

22.	a	<p>a. determining time of 1 beat = 0.46 «seconds» ✓</p> <p>b. correct calculation of heart rate/beats per minute = 130 «bpm» ✓</p>	<i>Other possible calculations</i> eg: $23 \text{ «squares»} \times 0.02 \text{ «sec»} = 0.46$ OR $2.3 \times 0.2 \text{ «sec»} = 0.46$ OR $\frac{60 \text{ «sec»}}{0.46 \text{ «sec»}} \text{ «= } 130\text{».}$	2
	b	atrial depolarization/electrical impulse travels from the sinoatrial/SA node to the atrioventricular/AV node ✓	Accept <i>atrial systole</i> .	1

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
c		a. atrium has a small contraction requiring low electrical charge/OWTTE ✓ b. the QRS complex shows the depolarization of the «right and left» ventricles ✓ c. the ventricles have a large muscle mass compared to the atria, so the QRS complex has a larger amplitude than the P wave/OWTTE OR ventricle contraction needs more electricity than atrial contraction/OWTTE ✓	<i>Accept ventricular systole.</i> <i>Accept answers implying large muscle mass eg, stronger contraction, more pressure, etc.</i>	2 max

Question		Answers	Notes	Total
23.		<p><i>How hemoglobin supplies oxygen to respiring tissues</i></p> <p>a. properly labelled axes showing % saturation hemoglobin and partial pressure of oxygen ✓</p> <p>b. correct/sigmoid shape of «normal» oxygen dissociation curve ✓</p> <p>c. tissues use O₂ for «cellular» respiration thus lowering pO₂ at tissue level OR respiring tissues produce CO₂ ✓</p> <p>d. O₂ dissociates more at lower pO₂ from Hb «than at higher pO₂» thus providing O₂ to «respiring» tissues/OWTTE ✓</p> <p><i>How Bohr shift increases the supply</i></p> <p>e. CO₂ is converted to hydrogen carbonate ions/HCO₃[−] and H⁺ ✓</p> <p>f. increase in H⁺ lowers blood pH ✓</p> <p>g. H⁺ combines with Hb / conformational change in Hb «in red blood cell» freeing some O₂ ✓</p> <p>h. shifts the oxygen dissociation curve to the right «Bohr shift» OR shift to the right shown on diagram labelled Bohr shift ✓</p> <p>i. oxygen dissociation curve steeper at lower pO₂ «corresponding to respiring tissues» ✓</p>	<p>Accept any of the marking points in a clearly annotated diagram. Values not required.</p> <p><i>Do not accept concave curves. Curve should start at origin.</i></p>	6 max

Question		Answers	Notes	Total																					
		<p>j. lowers the affinity of hemoglobin for oxygen ✓</p> <p>k. means less oxygen can be carried for same pO_2 «as normal» OR «even» more oxygen available for respiring tissues for same pO_2 ✓</p> <p>eg:</p>  <table border="1"> <caption>Data points estimated from the oxygen saturation graph</caption> <thead> <tr> <th>Pressure of oxygen (kPa)</th> <th>Oxygen saturation (%) - low pH</th> <th>Oxygen saturation (%) - normal pH</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>20</td><td>40</td><td>30</td></tr> <tr><td>40</td><td>65</td><td>50</td></tr> <tr><td>60</td><td>80</td><td>70</td></tr> <tr><td>80</td><td>90</td><td>85</td></tr> <tr><td>100</td><td>95</td><td>90</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	Pressure of oxygen (kPa)	Oxygen saturation (%) - low pH	Oxygen saturation (%) - normal pH	0	0	0	20	40	30	40	65	50	60	80	70	80	90	85	100	95	90		
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